



## **Ukraine - Complex Emergency**

JULY 27, 2022

#### SITUATION AT A GLANCE

5,237

Civilian Deaths
Resulting From the
Conflict

OHCHR - July 2022

**6.2** 

Refugees From Ukraine Recorded Across Europe

UNHCR - July 2022

6.3

People Internally Displaced Across Ukraine

IOM - June 2022

8.7

People Identified to Receive Humanitarian Assistance in Ukraine

UN – April 2022

MILLION

People Reached With Humanitarian Assistance in Ukraine

UN - July 2022

- USAID announces approximately \$243 million in additional humanitarian assistance for Ukraine, bringing total USAID/BHA assistance for Ukraine to over \$1 billion.
- GoRF attacks in eastern and southern Ukraine continue to threaten civilians and destroy civilian infrastructure, with a July 9 GoRF attack in Chasiv Yar town killing at least 48 civilians.
- A July 13 GoRF attack on Vinnytsya city, which is located far from conflict frontlines, results in the deaths of at least 25 civilians.
- Between February 24 and July 22, WHO records more than 400 incidents of GoRF attacks on health care services in Ukraine, significantly increasing affected populations' vulnerability to communicable diseases.



TOTAL U.S. GOVERNMENT HUMANITARIAN FUNDING

For the Ukraine Response in FY 20221

USAID/BHA<sup>2</sup>

\$1,025,593,642

State/PRM<sup>3</sup> \$499,322,974

For complete funding breakdown with partners, see detailed chart on page 8

**Total** 

\$1,524,916,616

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Funding figures reflect a publicly announced funding that has been committed or obligated as of July 27, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> USAID's Bureau for Humanitarian Assistance (USAID/BHA)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> U.S. Department of State's Bureau of Population, Refugees, and Migration (State/PRM)

#### **KEY DEVELOPMENTS**

## USAID Humanitarian Assistance for Ukraine Surpasses \$1 Billion Since the February 24 GoRF Invasion

During a meeting with First Lady of Ukraine Olena V. Zelenska on July 18, USAID Administrator Samantha J. Power reaffirmed the U.S. Government (USG)'s commitment to meeting the urgent humanitarian needs of the Ukrainian people. Following the meeting, USAID announced more than \$169 million in additional USAID/BHA humanitarian assistance for communities in Ukraine adversely affected by the February 24 Government of the Russian Federation (GoRF) invasion. Only days later, USAID announced another \$74 million in new USAID/BHA funding for the Ukraine response on July 27, bringing the total amount of USAID/BHA support for Ukraine to more than \$1 billion. Together with more than \$499 million in support from State/PRM, the USG has to date contributed more than \$1.5 billion in FY 2022 humanitarian funding to support conflict-affected individuals in Ukraine and refugees in neighboring countries.

The new USAID/BHA assistance includes funding for the UN World Food Program (WFP), supporting efforts to provide life-saving emergency food assistance and multipurpose cash assistance (MPCA) to atrisk populations across Ukraine. The funding will also enable WFP to provide technical and coordination support to the Government of Ukraine (GoU)'s Ministry of Social Policy, which is working with the humanitarian community to streamline the delivery of critical social services. In addition, the new funding will support four international non-governmental organization (INGO) partners' health care, MPCA, nutrition, protection, shelter, and water, sanitation, and hygiene (WASH) programming for conflict-affected populations across Ukraine, as well as another INGO partner's provision of information management services for the humanitarian community in the country.

## Sustained GoRF Attacks Continue to Cause Civilian Casualties, Destroy Civilian Infrastructure in Eastern and Southern Ukraine

GoRF attacks continued to threaten civilian populations and damage critical infrastructure across Ukraine in mid- and late July, according to UN and international media reports. Between July 1 and 24, the Office of the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR) verified approximatly 241 conflict-related civilian deaths—particularly as a result of artillery and missile attacks—in GoUcontrolled areas, as well as 44 civilian deaths in non-GoU-controlled areas (NGCAs). Civilian casualty rates remain particularly high in eastern Ukraine's Donetsk Oblast, with more than 160 civilian deaths and injuries reported in the oblast between July 8 and July 11 alone, according to the UN. In Donetsk's Kramatorsk city, multiple GoRF missile strikes on July 19 resulted in the death of at least one civilian and damage to at least six residential buildings, while a July 18 GoRF missile strike on the oblast's Toretsk city resulted in the deaths of at least six civilians, according to international media. Moreover, a July 9 GoRF rocket artillery attack on Donetsk's Chasiv Yar town struck a residential building, resulting in at least 48 civilian deaths and injuries to nine others, representing one of the largest losses of civilian life from a single GoRF attack since April, international media report. Nearby settlements in northern Donetsk remain under threat of intensified attacks, particularly near the oblast's Bakhmut city, where consistent GoRF shelling has been reported in recent days. Limited civilian evacuations—facilitated by local volunteer groups and GoU forces—from frontline settlements in Donetsk were ongoing as of mid-July.

GoRF attacks also continue to threaten civilians in Kharkiv *Oblast*, with a July 21 missile strike on the *oblast's* Kharkiv city resulting in at least three civilian deaths and injuring more than 20 others,

international media report. Only a day earlier, GoRF artillery strikes generated three civilian fatalities in the *oblast's* Saltivskyi *raion*. Elsewhere in eastern Ukraine, GoRF missile strikes on Dnipropetrovsk *Oblast's* Nikopol city resulted in at least 12 civilian casualties, including at least two deaths, on June 20; the attack also destroyed three residential buildings and damaged 10 others, according to international media. GoRF forces had previously attacked Nikopol on July 16, with GoRF artillery strikes resulting in at least two civilian deaths, injuring another, and damaging more than 12 residential buildings, a school, and a college. Meanwhile, a GoRF missile strike on an industrial complex in Dnipropetrovsk's Dnipro city on July 15 resulted in three civilian deaths and injured 16 others.

GoRF forces also continue to launch near daily artillery and missile strikes on southern Ukraine's Mykolayiv and Odesa *oblasts*. On July 19 alone, more than 40 people were reportedly injured in attacks around Mykolayiv, according to the UN and Mykolayiv local authorities. Moreover, on July 23, GoRF missiles struck the port in Odesa *Oblast's* Odesa city, damaging port infrastructure in the vicinity of grain silos and threatening to undermine a GoU-GoRF arrangement—finalized only one day prior to the attack—facilitating the export of grain from Ukrainian ports, INGOs and international media report.

## GoRF Vinnytsya Attack Generates Mass Civilian Casualties Far From Line of Contact

GoRF forces launched a missile strike on Vinnytsya city in central Ukraine's Vinnytsya *Oblast*—located far from conflict frontlines—on July 13, resulting in at least 25 civilian deaths as of July 19 and injuries to more than 100 others, according to international media. The attack also damaged or destroyed an office building, a medical clinic, shops, and residential houses in the city, and marks one of the largest mass casualty incidents since the February 24 GoRF invasion of Ukraine. Vinnytsya remains a major humanitarian hub in central Ukraine, with at least 15 collective centers hosting internally displaced persons (IDPs) in the city; overall, the *oblast* was hosting more than 177,000 IDPs as of early July, according to the International Organization for Migration (IOM).

Numerous GoU officials and international observors condemned the attack and suggested that the strike appeared to involve intentional GoRF targeting of civilians in a densely populated city center. On July 14, European Union officials issued a statement declaring the incident to be the latest in a series of attacks targeting civilian populations and infrastructure. Similary, Vinnytsya *Oblast* Governor Serhiy Borzov noted that the July 13 GoRF attack on Vinnytsya involved high-precision munitions, indicating a low likelihood of accidental impact. GoRF forces have repeatedly attacked civilian infrastructure and residential areas across Ukraine with missiles and artillery since the onset of the invasion, without regard for civilian protection, according to international media.

#### WHO Highlights Health Impacts of the GoRF Invasion of Ukraine

Between February 24 and July 22, the UN World Health Organization (WHO) recorded more than 400 incidents of GoRF attacks on health care services in Ukraine, including attacks on health facilities, medical transport, health care personnel, patients, supplies, and warehouses. While continued GoRF attacks on health care services have immediate physical and psychological impacts on affected populations in Ukraine, WHO has underscored that morbidity and mortality will also likely increase in the medium- to long-term due to resultant reductions in medical capacity. Approximately 300 health facilities are located in conflict-affected areas, and nearly 1,000 health facilities are in areas that have come under GoRF control since February 24, leaving the country's health system vulnerable to significant infrastructural damage and severe disruptions. Consequently, there is limited or no access to health care professionals, health facilities, or medicines in some areas, with nearly half of Ukraine's

pharmacies presumed to be closed and many health workers either displaced or unable to work. Furthermore, WHO warns that health care service disruptions—coupled with other impacts of armed conflict—will increase affected populations' vulnerability to communicable diseases, such as coronavirus disease (COVID-19), measles, polio, and tuberculosis. In addition, Ukraine's already low vaccination coverage increases the risk of preventable communicable disease outbreaks, particularly among children.

#### **KEY FIGURES**

# 1=

Number of USAID/BHAprovided high-thermal blankets delivered for distribution in Ukraine

#### U.S. GOVERNMENT RESPONSE

#### LOGISTICS AND RELIEF COMMODITIES

During the initial weeks of the GoRF invasion, USAID/BHA worked to rapidly transport relief commodities to Ukraine from neighboring countries. Between late February and late April, USAID/BHA provided IOM approximately 87,000 blankets and 18,500 kitchen sets to improve living conditions for displaced people; 20,000 High Energy Biscuits to meet emergency food needs; and 4,800 10-liter water containers, as well as water tanks and treatment units, to improve access to safe drinking water and prevent disease among communities in Ukraine.

USAID/BHA is also supporting the Logistics and Emergency Telecommunications (ETC) clusters, the coordinating bodies for humanitarian logistics and ETC activities, comprising UN agencies, NGOs, and other stakeholders. With USAID/BHA support, WFP—the Logistics Cluster lead—is coordinating logistics services for the broader humanitarian response, developing common advocacy to address logistical challenges, facilitating humanitarian convoys and corridors to hard-to-reach areas, and establishing logistics bases to consolidate and prioritize humanitarian cargo deliveries. As of early July, the Logistics Cluster had facilitated the movement of nearly 20,000 cubic meters of humanitarian assistance commodities for distribution to conflict-affected households in Ukraine since late February.

Meanwhile, State/PRM is supporting IOM and the Office of the UN High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) to provide logistics support to the refugee response in neighboring countries.



In dedicated FY 2022 USAID/BHA funding for life-saving food assistance

#### **FOOD SECURITY**

To meet increasing food needs following the February 24 GoRF invasion, USAID/BHA is supporting WFP and five INGO partners to scale up food assistance in Ukraine. Specifically, WFP is supporting local bakeries providing bread to conflict-affected populations, distributing ready-to-eat rations and general food commodities, and disbursing cash-based transfers and vouchers for food. WFP food assistance helps people fleeing active fighting, households who have lost income sources due to conflict, and other conflict-affected populations access the food they need. Between June and mid-July alone, WFP reached more than 4.3 million people with emergency food assistance and cash distributions in Ukraine. USAID/BHA is also

supporting Catholic Relief Services (CRS) to provide cooked meals to people in collective shelters in Moldova who have fled the war in Ukraine.



**MPCA** 

#### **MULTIPURPOSE CASH ASSISTANCE**

The USG supports IOM, UNHCR, WFP, seven INGOs, and an implementing partner to provide MPCA to help conflict-affected individuals meet their basic needs. Cash allows displaced or other conflict-affected people to access food, household items, shelter, safe drinking water, and other supplies through local markets, and provides a faster and more efficient means of reaching vulnerable communities than providing in-kind commodities.

With support from USAID/BHA and other donors, WFP had provided more than \$121 million in cash-based transfers and vouchers to conflict-affected individuals across Ukraine between June and mid-July. Meanwhile, as of July 19, State/PRM partner UNHCR had enrolled more than 550,000 people across Ukraine to receive MPCA, with more than 391,000 individuals having already received their first payments. State/PRM is also supporting IOM and UNHCR to provide MPCA to refugees in neighboring countries, as well as the UN Children's Fund (UNICEF) to provide cash assistance to vulnerable households with children in transit. As of July 11, IOM had provided MPCA to nearly 84,000 people, while UNHCR had enrolled nearly 386,000 people in Moldova, Poland, Romania, and Slovakia in its MPCA program as of July 15.



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Number of people that can receive health care with supplies distributed by USG partner UNICEF

#### **HEALTH**

To support the health needs of conflict-affected populations, USG humanitarian partners are providing health care supplies, medicine, and other health assistance in Ukraine and neighboring countries. USAID/BHA is supporting UNICEF, WHO, the UN Population Fund (UNFPA), and six INGO partners to respond to emergency health needs in Ukraine, including medical support and the provision of other essential health care services. With USG and other donor support, UNICEF provided medical supplies sufficient to treat approximately 3.9 million people across Ukraine from February 24 to July 12.

Meanwhile, USAID/BHA partner WHO had delivered approximately 630 metric tons (MT) of life-saving medical supplies—including essential medicines, medical equipment, and trauma care supplies—to health facilities in Ukraine as of June 27, with the majority of items delivered to regions of the country experiencing active hostilities. With USAID/BHA support, WHO has also delivered medicines and health care equipment sufficient to meet the needs of approximately 650,000 individuals, emergency surgical supplies to conduct up to nearly 16,000 surgeries, at least 20 ambulances, and 26 generators to maintain power supplies in health facilities.

State/PRM is also supporting WHO to provide health care to refugees in neighboring countries. This includes meeting urgent trauma care needs by

deploying emergency medical teams; providing trauma kits, essential medical supplies and equipment, and logistics support to fill urgent gaps; and extending access to COVID-19 services to refugee populations, including vaccinations. With State/PRM support, WHO is also preventing and responding to vaccine-preventable diseases, such as measles and polio; providing psychosocial support to vulnerable populations and frontline health care workers; and preventing sexual exploitation and abuse.

In addition, State/PRM is supporting UNFPA in Hungary, Moldova, Poland, and Slovakia to strengthen local health systems' capacity to absorb an increased refugee caseload through the deployment of mobile and static integrated community sexual and reproductive health and gender-based violence (GBV) health units, supplies, and interventions. State/PRM is also supporting UNICEF in neighboring countries to scale up health support, including to prevent disease outbreaks and support infection prevention and control training. In addition, State/PRM is supporting IOM to provide primary health care consultations, mobile health and emergency services, and mobile psychosocial support teams.



Number of people that USAID/BHA hygiene supplies provided to IFRC and an INGO can support in Ukraine

#### **WASH**

Disaster-affected populations are often more susceptible to waterborne diseases, such as cholera and dysentery, as disasters reduce local access to hygiene items, sanitation services, and safe drinking water. In response to the GoRF invasion of Ukraine, USG humanitarian partners are providing WASH supplies to conflict-affected populations, including hygiene kits containing soap and other items to reduce disease transmission; repairing damaged WASH infrastructure; and transporting and distributing safe drinking water in conflict-affected areas. In addition, USAID/BHA also supports the WASH Cluster to provide humanitarian coordination and information management support, including sharing critical information with humanitarian partners regarding conflict incidents affecting WASH infrastructure and services.

USAID/BHA supports IOM, UNICEF, and 10 INGO partners to address WASH needs in Ukraine. With support from USAID/BHA and other donors, UNICEF has facilitated access to safe drinking water for approximately 3.2 million people in Ukraine by increasing water availability in collective sites, such as IDP shelters; conducting water trucking services; and distributing bottled drinking water between late February and mid-July. The UN agency had also distributed WASH commodities to nearly 399,000 people across Ukraine as of mid-July. Moreover, UNICEF delivered 300 MT of essential supplies—including safe drinking water, nutrition rations, health and hygiene kits, and other WASH items—to six locations in Donetsk and Dnipropetrovsk, as well as to the Luhansk Regional State Administration, to be pre-positioned for further crossline delivery by local volunteer organizations, as of June 14.

State/PRM partners are also providing WASH assistance to conflict-affected

communities in Ukraine and Ukrainian refugees in neighboring countries, including strengthening sanitation infrastructure in shelters and distributing hygiene kits to refugees. State/PRM is also supporting IOM to provide hygiene kits, safe drinking water, and water infrastructure.



Number of USG implementing partners providing essential protection services

#### **PROTECTION**

Armed conflict often exacerbates individuals' vulnerability to protection risks. People must cope with threats such as sexual violence, violence in the home, family separation, exploitative labor, and exclusion from life-saving humanitarian assistance, among other concerns. In response, USAID/BHA supports UNICEF, WHO, UNFPA, and 13 INGOs to implement protection interventions for conflict-affected populations in Ukraine. USAID/BHA partners provide mental health and psychosocial support (MHPSS) to children, persons with disabilities, and older people; operate mobile protection teams to reach remote communities with GBV prevention and response activities, legal assistance, and MHPSS; and conduct other protection activities. Specifically, USAID/BHA is supporting UNFPA's efforts to procure vehicles to establish mobile teams to provide MHPSS services in remote or hard-to-reach areas of Ukraine. With USAID/BHA and other donor support, the UN agency is also supporting facilities that provide services for GBV survivors, including conflict-related sexual violence survivors. Furthermore, USAID/BHA is supporting UNICEF to meet the protection needs of children in displacement centers, as well as assist unaccompanied and separated children, who are particularly vulnerable to exploitation. UNICEF had provided an estimated 50,000 individuals with integrated child protection and GBV response services as of July 12.

In addition, State/PRM partners—including IOM, UNHCR, and UNICEF—provide protection and legal services to vulnerable individuals in Ukraine and neighboring countries. Partners are establishing Blue Dots, multi-agency facilities that provide one-stop protection services and social service referrals to new refugee arrivals in neighboring countries. As of July 15, UNHCR had established 37 Blue Dots reaching tens of thousands of people with protection services in Bulgaria, Italy, Moldova, Poland, Romania, and Slovakia.

In neighboring countries, State/PRM is providing protection support through IOM, UNFPA, UNHCR, and UNICEF. Services include GBV prevention and response, child protection, and MHPSS support; prevention and response to trafficking in persons; and establishment of child-friendly and women and girl-friendly spaces, which not only offer case management and referral services, but also provide areas for women and children to feel physically and emotionally safe.

#### **CONTEXT IN BRIEF**

- The GoRF commenced widespread attacks against Ukraine on February 24 after mobilizing hundreds of thousands of military forces and heavy weaponry near its border with Ukraine. Immediately prior, the GoRF had ordered forces into Donetsk and Luhansk NGCAs after recognizing the areas' independence from Ukraine on February 21.
- The GoRF invasion marked a major escalation of conflict in Ukraine, where fighting in the country's eastern *oblasts* has caused large-scale population displacement and widespread damage to infrastructure since March 2014. The heaviest fighting has occurred in the easternmost *oblasts* bordering Russia, particularly Donetsk and Luhansk; however, the large influx of IDPs from these areas has also impacted neighboring *oblasts*. The UN estimated that 2.9 million conflict-affected people in eastern Ukraine required humanitarian assistance as of early 2022 prior to the February 24 GoRF invasion.
- On February 24, USAID announced the activation of a USAID Disaster Assistance Response Team (DART) to lead the USG humanitarian response to the crisis in Ukraine, with initial staff in Rzeszów, Poland; Chişinău, Moldova; Budapest, Hungary; Bucharest, Romania; and Bratislava, Slovakia. To support the DART, USAID activated a Response Management Team (RMT) in Washington, D.C. State/PRM staff in Warsaw, Poland; Budapest, Hungary; Chişinău, Moldova; Bucharest, Romania; Bratislava, Slovakia; and Washington, D.C., also continue to support response activities.
- On November 26, 2021, U.S. Chargé d'Affaires Kristina A. Kvien renewed the disaster declaration for Ukraine for FY 2022 due to widespread displacement and continued humanitarian needs of vulnerable populations in eastern Ukraine.

#### USG HUMANITARIAN FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE IN FY 20221

IMPLEMENTING PARTNER	ACTIVITY	LOCATION	AMOUNT		
Ukraine					
USAID/BHA					
International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC)	Logistics Support	Countrywide	\$20,800		
IOM	Logistics Support, Monitoring and Evaluation, MPCA, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$59,130,000		
UN Department of Safety and Security (UNDSS)	Humanitarian Coordination, Information Management, and Assessments (HCIMA)	Countrywide	\$7,113,554		
UN Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)	HCIMA	Countrywide	\$300,000		
UNFPA	Health, Protection	Countrywide	\$12,442,720		
UNICEF	Health, Logistics Support, Nutrition, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$71,800,000		
UN Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA)	HCIMA	Countrywide	\$27,500,000		
UN Women	Protection	Countrywide	\$5,000,000		

WFP	Food Assistance—Cash Transfers, Food Vouchers, Local, Regional, and International Procurement; Logistics Support; MPCA	Countrywide	\$402,275,925
	Health, Logistics Support, Protection	Countrywide	\$10,000,000
WHO	Health	Chernihiv, Dnipropetrovsk, Donetsk, Kharkiv, Kherson, Luhansk, Mykolayiv, Odesa, Poltava, Sumy, Zaporizhzhya	\$967,280
Implementing Partners	Food Assistance, HCIMA, Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$248,960,888
Implementing Partners	Food Assistance, HCIMA, Health, MPCA, Nutrition, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Cherkasy, Chernihiv, Chernivtsi, Donetsk, Dnipropetrovsk, Ivano- Frankivsk, Khmelnytskyi, Kharkiv, Kherson, Kirovohrad, Kyiv, Luhansk, Lviv, Mykolayiv, Odesa, Poltava, Rivne, Sumy, Ternopil, Vinnytsya, Volyn, Zaporizhzhya, Zakarpattya, Zhytomyr	\$169,010,385
	Logistics Support		\$5,210,399
	Program Support		\$1,119,074
TOTAL USAID/BHA FU	INDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE		\$1,020,851,025
	Moldov	va	
CRS	Food Assistance	Chişinău	\$4,742,617
TOTAL USAID/BHA FU	INDING FOR THE MOLDOVA RESPONSE		\$4,742,617
TOTAL USAID/BHA FU	INDING		\$1,025,593,642
	STATE/P	PRM	
	Ukrain	e	
Implementing Partner	Economic Recovery and Market Systems, Health, Livelihoods, Protection, WASH	Countrywide	\$20,000,000
UNHCR	Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$139,800,000
TOTAL STATE/PRM FU	INDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE		\$159,800,000
	Belaru	s	
IOM	HCIMA, Health, Livelihoods, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$300,000
UNHCR	HCIMA, Livelihoods, Logistics Support, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$1,000,000
UNICEF	Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$800,000
WHO	Health	Countrywide	\$100,000
TOTAL STATE/PRM FU	JNDING FOR THE BELARUS RESPONSE		\$2,200,000
	Bulgari	a	
IOM	HCIMA, Health, Livelihoods, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$300,000
UNHCR	HCIMA, Livelihoods, Logistics Support, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$4,500,000
UNICEF	Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$1,500,000
WHO	Health	Countrywide	\$500,000
TOTAL STATE/PRM FU	INDING FOR THE BULGARIA RESPONSE		\$6,800,000

	Czech Rep	oublic		
IOM	HCIMA, Health, Livelihoods, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$300,000	
UNHCR	HCIMA, Livelihoods, Logistics Support, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$3,300,000	
UNICEF	Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$6,200,000	
WHO	Health	Countrywide	\$400,000	
TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE CZECH REPUBLIC RESPONSE			\$10,200,000	
	Hungar	ту		
IOM	HCIMA, Health, Livelihoods, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$2,100,000	
UNFPA	Health, Protection	Countrywide	\$100,000	
UNHCR	HCIMA, Livelihoods, Logistics Support, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$7,000,000	
UNICEF	Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$600,000	
WHO	Health	Countrywide	\$600,000	
TOTAL STATE/PRN	1 FUNDING FOR THE HUNGARY RESPONSE		\$10,400,000	
	Moldov	<i>r</i> a		
CRS	Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$8,322,792	
IOM	Food Assistance, HCIMA, Health, Livelihoods, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$9,300,000	
UNFPA	Health, Protection	Countrywide	\$4,200,000	
UNHCR	HCIMA, Livelihoods, Logistics Support, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$37,300,000	
UNICEF	Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$5,900,000	
UN Women	Health, Protection	Countrywide	\$1,600,000	
WHO	Health	Countrywide	\$3,500,000	
TOTAL STATE/PRN	1 FUNDING FOR THE MOLDOVA RESPONSE		\$70,122,792	
	Polanc	İ		
IFRC	MPCA, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$3,700,000	
IOM	Food Assistance, HCIMA, Health, Livelihoods, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$10,500,000	
UNFPA	Health, Protection	Countrywide	\$100,000	
UNHCR	HCIMA, Livelihoods, Logistics Support, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$52,500,000	
UNICEF	Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$38,100,000	
WHO	Health	Countrywide	\$10,800,000	
TOTAL STATE/PRN	1 FUNDING FOR THE POLAND RESPONSE		\$115,700,000	
Romania				
IFRC	MPCA, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$3,300,000	

IOM	Food Assistance, HCIMA, Health, Livelihoods, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$2,400,000
UNFPA	Health, Protection	Countrywide	\$100,000
UNHCR	HCIMA, Livelihoods, Logistics Support, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$36,300,000
UNICEF	Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$5,900,000
WHO	Health	Countrywide	\$600,000
TOTAL STATE/PRM FUND	DING FOR THE ROMANIA RESPONSE		\$48,600,000
	Slovaki	ì	
IFRC	MPCA, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$2,302,326
ЮМ	Food Assistance, HCIMA, Health, Livelihoods, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$1,200,000
UNFPA	Health, Protection	Countrywide	\$100,000
UNHCR	HCIMA, Livelihoods, Logistics Support, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$5,800,000
UNICEF	Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$11,900,000
WHO	Health	Countrywide	\$400,000
TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE SLOVAKIA RESPONSE			\$21,702,326
	Europe Reg	ional	
IFRC	MPCA, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$697,674
ЮМ	Food Assistance, HCIMA, Health, Livelihoods, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$10,300,000
UNFPA	Health, Protection	Countrywide	\$300,000
UNHCR	HCIMA, Livelihoods, Logistics Support, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$31,900,000
UNICEF	Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$10,300,000
UN Women	Health, Protection	Countrywide	\$300,182
TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE EUROPE REGIONAL RESPONSE			\$53,797,856
TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING			\$499,322,974
TOTAL USG HUMANITARIAN FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE IN FY 2022			\$1,524,916,616

<sup>1</sup> Year of funding indicates the date of commitment or obligation, not appropriation, of funds. Funding figures reflect a portion of publicly announced funding that has been committed or obligated as of July 27, 2022.

#### **PUBLIC DONATION INFORMATION**

- The most effective way people can assist relief efforts is by making cash contributions to humanitarian organizations that are conducting relief operations. A list of humanitarian organizations that are accepting cash donations for disaster responses around the world can be found at interaction.org.
- USAID encourages cash donations because they allow aid professionals to procure the exact items needed (often in the affected region); reduce the burden on scarce resources (such as transportation routes, staff time, and warehouse space); can be transferred very quickly and without transportation costs; support the economy of the disaster-stricken region; and ensure culturally, dietarily, and environmentally appropriate assistance.

- More information can be found at:
  - o USAID Center for International Disaster Information: cidi.org
  - o Information on relief activities of the humanitarian community can be found at reliefweb.int.

USAID/BHA bulletins appear on the USAID website at usaid.gov/humanitarian-assistance/where-we-work